



उद्योग संवर्धन और आंतरिक व्यापार विभाग
DEPARTMENT FOR
PROMOTION OF INDUSTRY AND
INTERNAL TRADE



NATIONAL SEMINAR

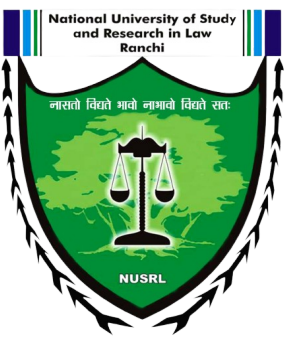
**IP AND THE SDGS: BUILDING OUR
COMMON FUTURE WITH
INNOVATION AND CREATIVITY**



Date - 26 April, 2024

Hybrid Mode (Online & Offline)

**FUNDED BY THE DEPARTMENT FOR PROMOTION OF INDUSTRY
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INDUSTRY, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA**

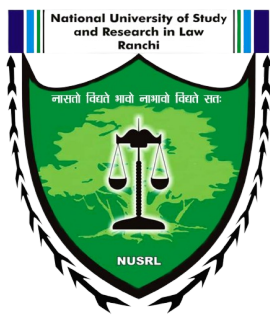


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In a rapidly evolving world, the intersection of Intellectual Property (IP) and the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) is a crucial landscape where innovation and creativity converge to pave the way for a shared and sustainable future. IP, encompassing patents, copyrights, trademarks, and trade secrets, plays a pivotal role in incentivizing and protecting the fruits of human ingenuity. The SDGs, a global call to action to end poverty, protect the planet, and ensure prosperity for all, find a powerful ally in the realm of intellectual property.

SDG 9, focusing on Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure, underscores the need for technological progress and ingenuity to drive sustainable development. Intellectual property, particularly patents, acts as a catalyst for innovation by providing inventors and creators with exclusive rights to their discoveries. This exclusive right not only rewards innovators for their efforts but also fosters an environment conducive to continuous advancements. Access to knowledge is a cornerstone for achieving various SDGs, including Quality Education (SDG 4), Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure (SDG 9), and Partnerships for the Goals (SDG 17). Proper management of intellectual property, such as open access initiatives and licensing agreements, ensures that knowledge is shared widely, facilitating collaborative efforts and creating a more inclusive environment for progress.



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IP plays a pivotal role in technology transfer, a key component of SDG 9. Licensing agreements and collaborations facilitated by intellectual property rights contribute to the dissemination of technology across borders. This aligns seamlessly with SDG 17, emphasizing the importance of partnerships in achieving sustainable development goals. The protection of intellectual property, particularly through copyright, supports the growth of cultural and creative industries. These industries not only contribute significantly to economic growth (SDG 8) but also play a role in fostering sustainable communities and cities (SDG 11).

In the realm of healthcare, intellectual property, especially in the form of patents, is instrumental in encouraging innovation. It drives the development of new medicines and healthcare solutions, aligning with the objectives of Good Health and Well-being (SDG 3) and Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure (SDG 9). Intellectual property, such as Plant Breeder's Rights, contributes to advancements in agriculture. By incentivizing the development of new crop varieties, IP supports the objectives of Zero Hunger (SDG 2) and Life on Land (SDG 15), ensuring sustainable and diverse ecosystems.



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Green technology patents, a subset of intellectual property, play a crucial role in addressing climate change. These patents incentivize the development and adoption of clean and sustainable technologies, supporting Affordable and Clean Energy (SDG 7) and Climate Action (SDG 13). Promoting intellectual property education is integral to building capacity in understanding and leveraging IP rights. This education contributes to Quality Education (SDG 4) and strengthens the foundation for Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure (SDG 9).

In the journey towards a sustainable and inclusive future, intellectual property emerges as a linchpin, fostering innovation and creativity across various domains outlined in the SDGs. Striking the right balance between protection and accessibility, IP lays the groundwork for a collaborative and innovative global community working towards common goals. As we navigate the challenges of the 21st century, the synergy between IP and the SDGs holds the key to unlocking a future where prosperity is shared, innovation thrives, and creativity knows no bounds.



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In this seminar "IP and the SDGs: Building Our Common Future with Innovation and Creativity," to be held on the world IP Day, participants will collectively explore the dynamic interplay between Intellectual Property and Sustainable Development Goals. By fostering innovation and creativity within the context of IP, the seminar aims to contribute to a shared future where prosperity is inclusive, innovation flourishes, and creativity becomes the cornerstone of sustainable development.

Patron

Prof. (Dr.) Ashok R. Patil
Vice Chancellor
NUSRL Ranchi

Seminar Organizer

Dr. M R Sreenivasa Murthy,
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SUB THEMES

1. Healthcare Innovations and IP Protection.
2. Agricultural Advancements and Biodiversity Protection.
3. Green Technology and IP.
4. IP Strategies for Sustainable Innovation.
5. IPR in Emerging Technologies
6. IPR in Space Exploration and Sustainable Technologies.
7. IPR in the Entertainment Industry for Social Impact
8. Technology and IPR
9. Artificial Intelligence (AI) and IPR
10. Any other topic related to IPR and Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

CALL FOR PAPERS

Abstract of minimum 300 words is called for the conference on the sub-themes as put above. Any student, researcher, academician, professional can participate. Revised full paper are to be submitted and received before the presentation and discussion in the conference for publication.

IMPORTANT DATES

- Submission of Full Paper with Abstract: April 22, 2024
- Seminar Date: April 26 2024



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GUIDELINES FOR SUBMISSION

GUIDELINES FOR ABSTRACT SUBMISSION

Abstract should abide by the following heads:

1. Word Limit: 300-500 Words
2. Keywords: 5-7
3. Abstract should be divided in a minimum of 3 paragraphs.
4. Title of the Chapter shall be in Times New Roman, 14 size font, Bold, Capital Letters. The author's details i.e., Name, Current Designation, Institution name, Phone number and e-mail id shall be provided below the Title. Abstract shall be in Times New Roman, 12 size font, italics.

GUIDELINES FOR PAPER SUBMISSIONS

1. The Paper should range from 5000-8000 Words.
2. Footnotes should be in Bluebook 20th Edition.
3. The themes are broadly suggestive. The author may write on any topic relevant to the theme of the book.



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4. Submissions should be in:

a. Times New Roman, 12 font size with 1.5 line spacing, justified text, and 1-inch margins on all sides of an A4 sheet.

b. Footnotes should be in Times New Roman, 10-font size with 1.0 line spacing.

c. Endnotes and/or Bibliography and in-text citations are not allowed.

d. Headings should follow the following standard.

a. Title of the submission: Upper-case, bold, font size - 14

b. Headings: Upper-case, bold, font size - 14

c. Sub-Headings: Title-case, bold, font size - 12

d. Sub-Sub-Heading: Title-case, italics, font size - 12

e. The submission must be the original work of the author and must not have been submitted elsewhere or pending review.

f. Co-authorship up to a limit of two is allowed.

5. Authors are instructed to use footnotes only.



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6. The manuscript should be accompanied with the author's name, designation, name of institute, contact number and e-mail for future reference and correspondence.

7. Avoid AI-generated content; all submissions must be original work by the authors. Authors are responsible for ensuring that the content submitted for publication is primarily the result of human effort, with AI-generated content limited to a maximum of 10%.

8. All the contributions should be the original work of the contributors. All submissions will undergo the plagiarism test. Plagiarism must not exceed 10%. If plagiarism exceeds this threshold, papers would be rejected.

9. Submissions should prioritize clarity and simplicity in language, avoiding unnecessary jargon or overly complex sentences. Ensure factual accuracy and compliance with relevant laws and regulations.

10. Note that the manuscript submitted by the author should not be submitted or presented at any seminar. The manuscript submitted for publication should not undergo any additional publication process or review process, and it should not be shared within any organization or institution.

Note: The selected manuscript will be published in the form of a book. The book follows the peer review process.



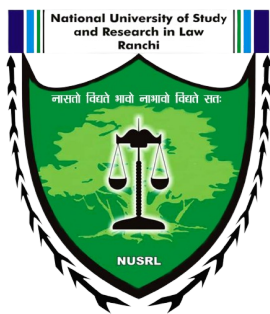
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Every paper published in the book is peer-reviewed by an expert in that particular field of law. The peer-review process ensures that the paper matches up to the highest standards of legal writing. The peer reviewers are recommended to follow the metrics mentioned below while reviewing the paper. Authors should note that the following is only an illustrative list.

- Identification of issues
- Depth of research
- Analyses, interpretations, and conclusions
- Clarity of argument
- Originality and innovation
- Contribution to the jurisprudence on the issue
- Engagement with the existing literature
- Appropriate and up-to-date references
- Structure and organisation of the paper

The peer reviewer may recommend that the paper be accepted without any comments, or that it be accepted with major or minor changes, or that the paper be rejected.



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Based on the editors' discretion, the authors may be given the chance to incorporate the peer reviewer's suggestions into their paper. This process may entail one or multiple rounds of reviews. If the editors believe that the paper is satisfactory and the peer reviewer's comments have been incorporated, they may accept it for publication in a book. However, after these rounds, if the editors feel that the paper is still unsuitable for the Book, they may recommend that the paper be rejected at any point of review process.

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